

The Art of Cyber Risk Management

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About the Presenter

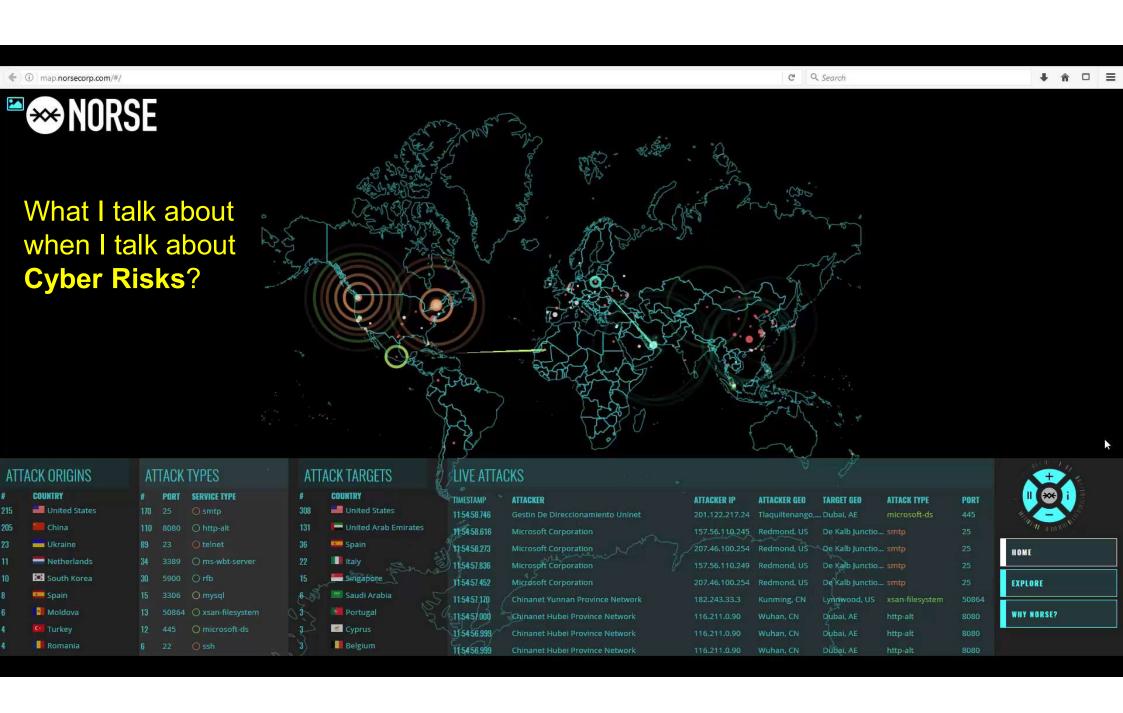
- Asaf Weisberg, CISM, CRISC, CISA, CGEIT
- Founder & CEO, introSight Ltd.
- Immediate Past President of the ISACA Israel Chapter
- 2019-2020 Director, ISACA Int'l Board of Directors
- Over 25 years of hands-on, managerial and mentoring experience
- Develops Cybersecurity Methodological tools & exercise them in the field











Hackers Wipe VFEmail Servers, May Shut Down After Catastrophic Data Loss





Technology

Boeing Hit by Cyberattack, Says Jetliner **Production Not Affected**

Hackers'scramble' patient files in

Melbourne heart clinic cyber attack federal agencies investigating breach, reported to be a ransom

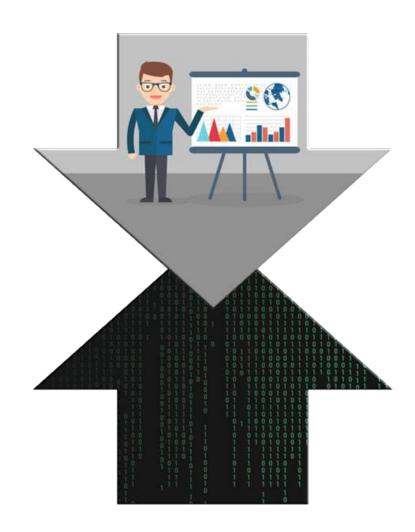




Battam-UP or Tap-Dawn?



Why not Connect the Two Approaches?







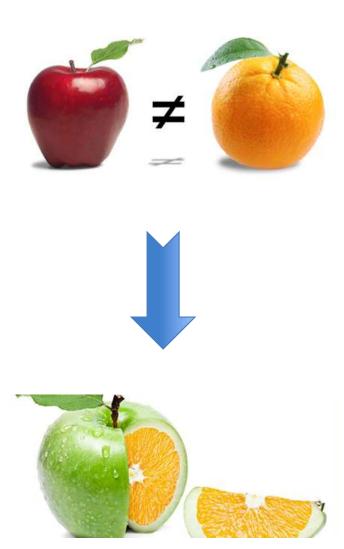




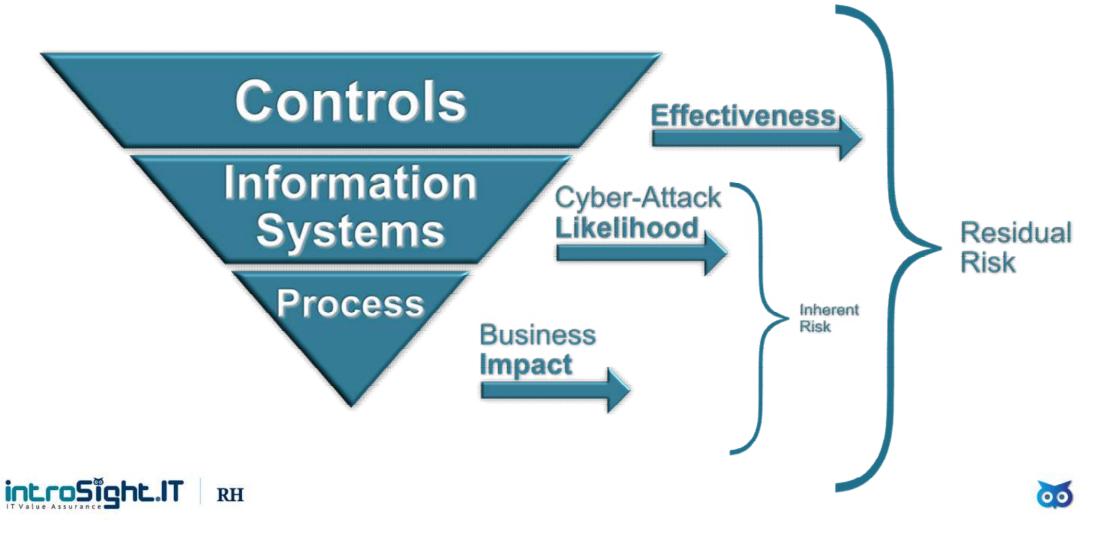
A Business Oriented Cyber Risk Management Model

The heart of the BCRM is its Mathematical algorithm:

- The algorithm calculates the Residual Business
 Risk to processes, as a function of Inherent
 Business Risk & IT controls effectiveness
- A Semi-Quantitative approach, enhanced with ranks and weights, provides granular risk prioritization
- Prioritization of the risk reduction plan is based on the calculated Residual Business Risk
- Slicing & Dicing the calculated data allows analyzing risks from various views



Working with the model



Cyber Risks: "Traditional" Top 10 View

Attack Surface	Process	Residu	al Risk
IT Operations	Database management	9.67	Н
Information Systems	Long-term savings operations	8.97	Н
IT Operations	Storage security management	8.03	Н
Web Applications	Customers digital channels management	7.88	M
Info Systems	Health insurance claims	7.79	M
Perimeter	Facility physical security management	7.61	M
Perimeter	Firewall and Perimeter security management	7.54	М
Web Applications	3rd party digital channels management	7.43	M
Information Systems	Life insurance claims	7.28	M Rar
IT Operations	Mobile device security management	7.26	M L

Range

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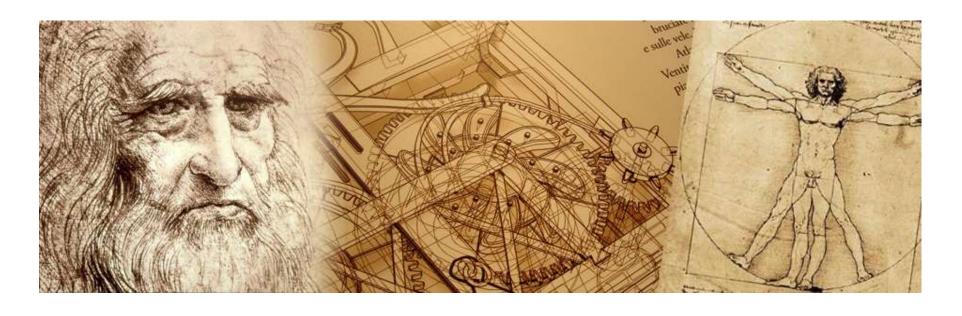
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The Art of Cyber Risk Management



Efficiently Reduce Cyber Risks According to Business Priorities





Cyber Risks: Process → Systems View

Business Process	Risk		Inherent Risk	Controls Effect'	Residual Risk
Long term savings operations	PII Leakage as a result of a Cyber attack		22.63 H	2.58 L	8.97 H
Due On	System	# of Supported Processes	Inherent Risk	Controls Effect'	Residual Risk
2018	Digital Vaults	2	21.84 H	2.71 L	8.02 H
2018	Messaging	11	16.58 H	1.74 L	7.94 M
2018	SAP	7	16.58 H	2.91 L	6.27 M
2019	Policy sale	2	10.26 H	2.04 L	4.86 M
2019	Digital archive	3	10.26 H	2.73 L	3.73 L
_	Digital forms	1	5.00 M	4.00 M	0.80 L









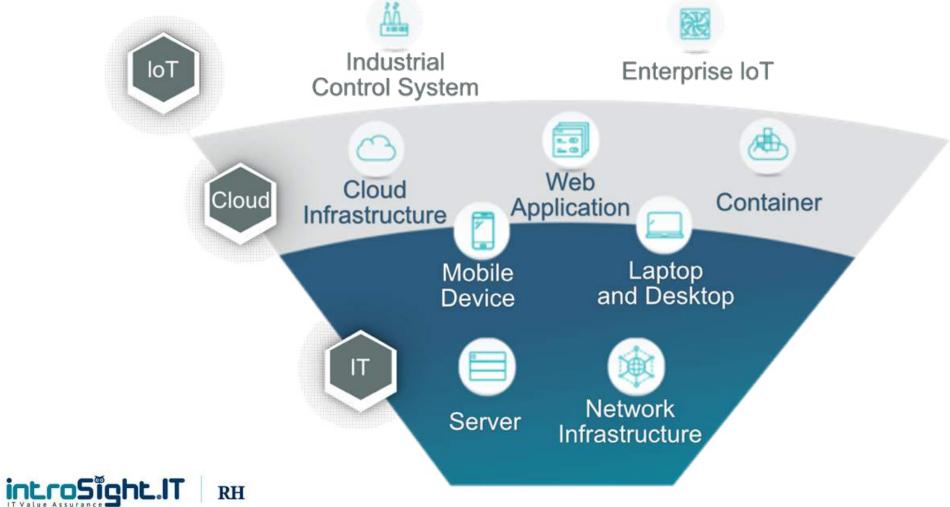
Think like an Attacker

https://resources.infosecinstitute.com/the-psychological-profileof-a-hacker-with-emphasis-on-security-awareness/#gref





Attack Surfaces



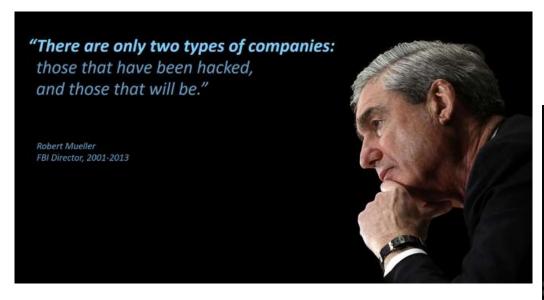


Cyber Risks: Attack Surface View

Attack Surface	Process	Residual Risk	
Perimeter	Facility physical security management	7.61	Н
Perimeter	Firewall management	7.54	Н
Perimeter	Remote access to network	4.02	M
Web Applications	Customers digital channels management	7.88	М
Web Applications	Business partners digital channels MGMT	7.43	M
Web Applications	Suppliers digital channels management	6.89	М
Information Systems	Long-term savings operations	8.97	Н
Information Systems	Health insurance claims	7.79	M
Information Systems	Life insurance claims	7.28	М
IT Operations	Database management	9.67	Н
IT Operations	Storage security management	8.03	Н
IT Operations	Mobile device security management	7.26	М



Attack Surface	Process	Residual Risk	
IT Operations	Database management	9.67	н
Information Systems	Long-term savings operations	8.97	н
IT Operations	Storage security management	8.03	н
Web Applications	Customers digital channels management	7.88	M
Info Systems	Health insurance claims	7.76	M
Perimeter	Facility physical security management	7.61	64
Perimeter	Firewall and Perimeter security management	7.54	64
Web Applications	3rd party digital channels management	7/43	M
Information Systems	Life insurance claims	7/28	M
IT Operations	Mobile device security management		M





We are going through a Paradigm Shift!





NIST Cybersecurity Framework

Prevention

Identify

- Business Environment
- Asset Mapping
- Risk
 Assessment

Protect

- Access Control
- Awareness
- Data Security

Containment

Detect

- Anomalies & Events
- Security Monitoring
- Detection Processes

Respond

- Response Team
- Mitigation
- Forensics

Recover

- BIA
- DRP
- BCP



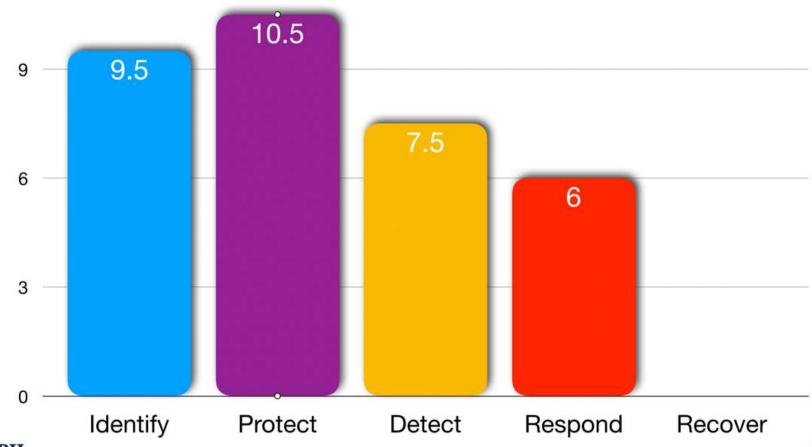
Organizational View: Controls Effect' by NIST Functions

Current state:

12

Reasonable "Traditional" controls

Evolving "Cyber-Era" controls



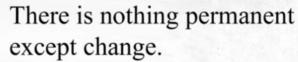


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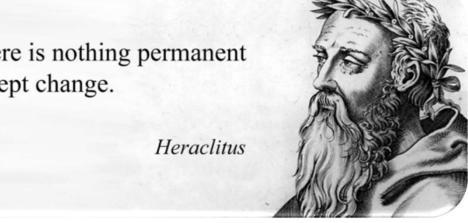
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An Adaptive Cyber Risk Management Model

- **Risk management** is a **long term process**, changes are inevitable. The BCRM model allows to:
 - Change risk factors, as new threats emerge
 - Add new controls to mitigate existing risks, as exposure changes
 - Add or remove business processes & information systems
 - Change ranks & weights, according to organization's policy
- **Continuously** update the BCRM with:
 - Risk assessment sprints results
 - Internal audit findings







Takeaways



- To establish Business alignment start at the process level
- Adjust resources allocation to support shifting from Prevention to Containment
- Think like an attacker Consider emerging as well as traditional Attack Surfaces
- Prioritize Cyber Risk Reduction activities, according to Residual Business Risks
- Adopt Continuous Risk Management practices
- Measure the change of Residual Business Risks, as a result of IT investments

Cyber Risk Management is Art, make sure it is based on facts







Thank You!

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